Break the Cycle of Failure

Save Struggling Students with Math RTI

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Objectives

- 1. Why?
- 2. How does it work?
- 3. What are 3 lessons?

Partial Bibliography

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"Decisions about core curriculums, instruction, climate, behavioral systems and interventions are not driven by educational 'philosophy' or the opinions of individuals. Rather, these decisions are driven by data, especially by student assessment data, with explicit rules for making decisions."

CT State Dept. of Education, Connecticut's Framework for RTI, p. 20

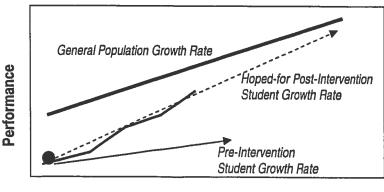
SRBI Vocabulary

Intervention	An instructional program used to address a specific student need
RTI	Response to Intervention, a model that increases the intensity of interventions in order to impact performance <i>and</i> rate of growth
SRBI	Scientific Research-Based Interventions (CT Dept of Education's version of RTI)
Tier I	general education classroom
Tier II	additional time beyond the classroom for a planned program of small group remediation and diagnostic interventions (typically 6-20 weeks)
Tier III	more intensive interventions
Universal Screen	a performance level assessment of the entire population
Progress Monitoring	frequently used set of assessments to show rate of growth of a student

Model for Identifying Special Education (Connecticut)

Dual Discrepancy Model = Low performance <u>and</u> low rate of growth

The focus is to increase the rate of growth with strategic interventions and progress monitoring to assess the impact of the interventions.



Time

After three years of anger and frustration... Now <u>I can</u> do long division!

Why Math Excellence Lab?

Math Excellence Lab is extra math help so you can master math skills in place value, decimals, fractions, integers, multiplication; and *learn how to reach your goals*.

You were chosen from over 1,000 students based on five math tests and your math teacher's recommendation. Your math teacher believes in you, because you have shown you will make the most of this limited opportunity.

How does Math Excellence Lab work?

Changing Our Mindsets

You develop a growth mindset because you see your ongoing effort earns success and because you deserve to improve yourself.

Because we use cutting-edge methods, you try new things, you learn how your brain works, and you grow in a caring climate.

Improving Our Math Skills

You work in small groups, get one-on-one tutoring, and use online software. You test often and quickly correct to fill gaps in your understanding.

Because we break math problems into successful small steps, you gain dependable skills. Your effort and perseverance leads to success and mastery.

These small successful steps compound and progressively move you forward.

Math Excellence Lab
We care, I can

Mr. Dana Schreiber 860-916-9665 danaschreiber09@gmail.com

thatquiz.org

Starting Point

F9

Fall 2013

Grade#T€ MathTeacherPeriod

Student Name

1st Score Date 2nd Score Date In-6 2MB Integers 6 in-5 7CH 10 Integers 5 In-4 JID4 inlegers 4 In-3 Integers 3 GYNTHATC In-2 PRK9 Integers 2 In-1 Integers 1



HR-### HRTeacher

TeamLeader TeamCodeXX Team

Ineed

3Quizzes

70%

or Greater

in each area:

Integers
Fractions
Decimals
Multiplication
Place Value

OG YI F2 L00007H7

Fraction Pretest

Integer Pretest

Fraction 9

136F F8 NNQ F7 LNV Fraction 7 F6 D4990 Fraction 6 F5 Fraction 5 IL7V F4 Fraction 4 VB6 F3 Fraction 3 F-0-2-71 Fraction 1 Starting Point

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D8	N6MMMKT	Decimai 8
D7	OCHRESBA	Decimal 7
D6	9UMANK7	Decimal 6
D5	312 000 E	Decimal 5
D4	Q PLVIL	Decimal 4
D3	8 UK8	Decimal 3
D2	9 A	Decimal 2
D1	ROOFCV	Decimal 1

Starting Point

Decimal Pretest

M4	31Н ЗҮХ	Multiplication 4
M3	94-XXT	Multiplication 3
M2	XL 9W	Multiplication 2
M1	U2ITTTT4	Multiplication 1

Starting Point

Multiplication Pretest

I am improving and I am getting better scores because I apply focused effort and I persist.

I am a hard worker.

R6	UX 4EQ	Rounding 6	
R5	CEMEZL1	Rounding 5	
R4	7LE CQ	Rounding 4	
R3	IMMEDOG	Rounding 3	
R2	F5.LL	Rounding 2	
R1	5DP KU	Rounding 1	

PV5	NB9V	PlaceValue 5
PV4	FILESQQ	PlaceValue 4
PV3	MSCHOOL	PlaceValue 3
PV2	IB COO OR	PlaceValue 2
PV1	TLE	PlaceValue 1

Starting Point

Place Value Pretest

Home # Cell # Parent Name(s)

MEL SnapShot Data

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	1 or more > 70%+ Score	1	98	67	100	90	69	52	
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	Total # of Students Served =	⊶ 0							

Total # of Students Served = 48 (excludes expelled student)

Raw	Totals
15444	101010

 Students with 3 scores 70%+
 47
 26
 48
 37
 30
 25

 Students with 1 or more 70%+
 47
 32
 48
 43
 33
 25

The World Rewards Effort

thatquiz.org

Group 7G9

			1st Score	Date	2nd Score	0
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	In-5 MPHH0216	integers 5				
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I need 3 scores	Starting Point	Integer Pretest	40			

i need 3 scores
> 70% in each of
the following areas:

Mulitplication

D9 AVAS0395 Decimal 9
D8 PTQG8679 Decimal 8
D7 YGSK7451 Decimal 7
D6 WAEI0753 Decimal 6
D7 YLSH3306 Decimal 4
D7 YGSK7451 Decimal 5
D7 YGSK7451 Decimal 8

M	GHDY4543	Multiplication 4				
10	GÓBP2936	Multiplication 3	17	1/8	/	
MP	EMLH8284	Multiplication 2	38	96/8	-W	
MT	TDZ01493	Multiplication 1	24	261	41	= 31

R6	NMJF5930	Rounding 6	20	6/15/	L
R5#	ZVDT8596	Rounding & Service	60	4/301	
R4	TGVD6236	Rounding 4	50	2/22/	
R3	WELQ4323	Rounding 3.	67	2/16/	L
R2	MLRY2515	Rounding 2	50		\perp
R1	VDB.12778	Rounding 1	20		

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PV2	RBUC2043	PłaceValue 2	70	A STATE	1	
PV1	YYIP3538	PlaceValue 1	90	444	1	
	-	II Makes Classes	10	\top		

Math Excellence Lab

Place Value Pretest

LeftOvers Game

The game of concrete long division estimation

How to play

Make several sets of differing amounts of pennies (ranging from 22 to 50 pennies per cup). Label cups "A, B, C....)

Pair students and give each pair one number cube.

Give every pair of students a labeled cup (cup A, cup B, cup C, ...)

Have students play in pairs.

Each student has their own score sheet..

Play 9 games with 3 sets with different totals of pennies.

Predict First Before Counting Pennies

- 1. Choose a cup of pennies gently pour out all pennies on the table and record the total number of pennies and the letter on the cup on the score sheet.
- 2. Roll the number cube record the number
- 3. Estimate "How many groups of (the number) are there in the total?"
- 4. Predict if you will have leftovers or not

Now Make Groups of the Cube's Number

- 5. Make groups pennies of the number shown on the number cube and record how many groups actually are in the total.
- 6. Record if there are any leftovers.
- 7. Scoring: If numbers of actual groups match estimate → earn 1 BONUS point If leftovers prediction matches after making groups → earn 2 points. (Maximum number of points earned for each game is 3 points.)

Note:

- a. Play 3 games with each cup of pennies and play with 3 different amounts of pennies for a total of 9 games.
- b. If a student rolls a "one" or the same number twice, then have them roll the number cube again.
- c. Encourage students to make their own estimates of groups and predict leftovers independent from their partner.

LeftOvers Game

- Choose a cup of pennies count & record the amount
- Roll the number cube record the number
- Predict if you will have leftovers or not
- Make groups of the number shown on the number cube
- Fill in your score worksheet write how many groups?
- . Any leftovers?
- . Were you correct in your prediction?

LeftOvers Game

Name		 		

Play 9 Games

		Predi	ct Before		Now Make	Groups	Score
	Total Pennies	What is the Number on the Cube?	Estimate: How many Groups of number are there in the total?	Predict: Will you have leftovers? Y or N	How many groups do you actually have? Match? Y or N How many groups?	Do you have any Leftovers? Y or N	Total Points +2 pts if leftovers match +1 Bonus pt if groups match (max. 3 pts. possible)
Cup							
Cup							
Cup							
A. What	t patterns	do you no	otice?		Tota	<i>l Score</i> →	

B. What conclusions can you draw?

BUILD AND DRAW YOR STARTING NUMBER:

143 - 56

NOW SHOW EACH STEP YOU TAKE

Cubes
Hundreds (100) Flats
Tens (10) Rods
Ones (1) Units

		r o

Multiplying Triple Digits Math Excellence Lab

I agree to give my best effort

Per _____

Please Print Full Name

Expanded Form Review

.....Remember how Regrouping uses Place value?

1. → Please fill in the blanks with the correct value(s) on each line

		thousands		<u>hundreds</u>		<u>tens</u>		ones	
3,251	=	3,000	+	200	+	50	+	1 ←Expanded I	Form

2. Let's have some fun and see if we can challenge you a little more!

(Look closely!)

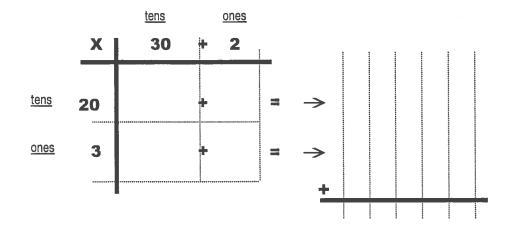
		<u>thousands</u>	hundreds	<u>tens</u>	!	ones
<u>3,251</u>	=	2,000	+	+ 140	+	11
3,251	=	3,000	+ 100	+) .	11

Over for Side Two →

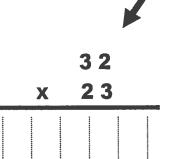
Using... "Open Array" Multiplication Uses Place Value to Explain:

→ "Why do we "Add Zeros" when we multiply by more than one digit?"

2. 23 x 32



Now compare "Open Array" to what you have already learned. What do you notice?

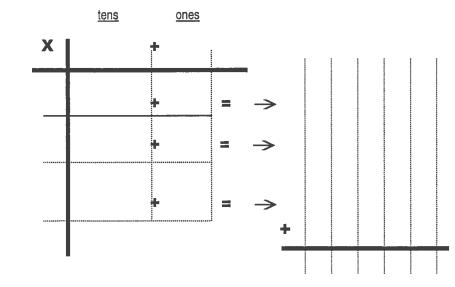


3. 132 x 24

hundreds

tens

ones

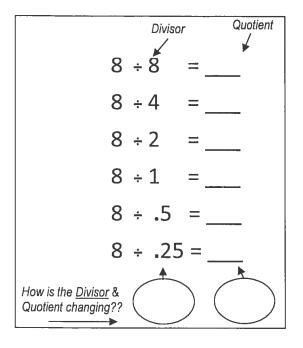


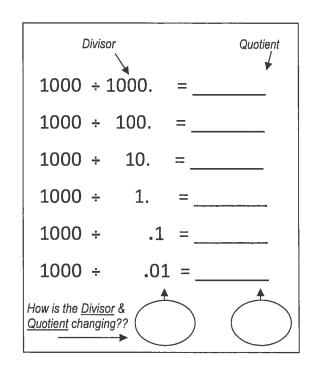
2 4 x 132

Dividing by Decimal Numbers Math Excellence Lab

l agree to give my **best effort** Per_____

Please Print Full Name





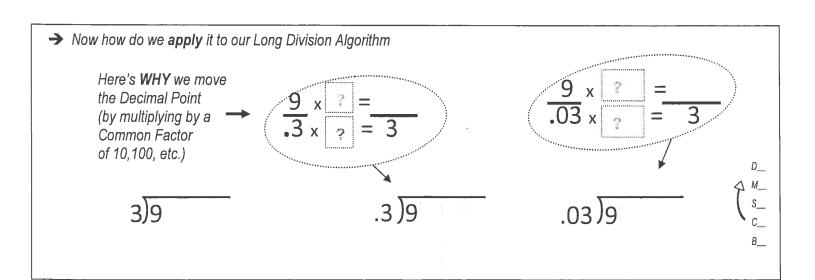
Summarize what is happening.....

#1a) When the <u>Divisor</u> gets smaller, the answer (quotient) gets ______, and

1 b) ... the Quotient grows bigger by (what?)

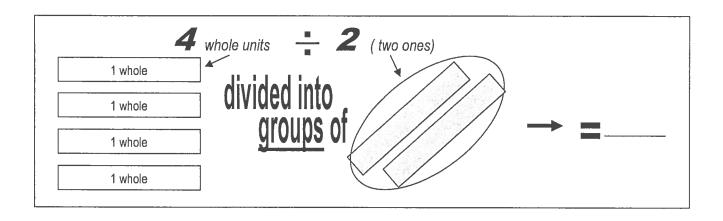
→ So what answer do we expect for these three questions? 9 ÷ 3 = _____

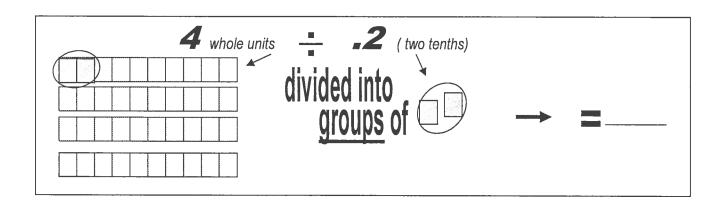
9 ÷ .3 = ____ 9 ÷ .03 = ____



Dividing by Decimal Numbers Math Excellence Lab

I agree to give my **best effort**





4 - 2 is to	
("Equal" or "Not Equal")	42
I believe the two expressions are ("Equal" or "Not Equal")	because:

Multiplying Decimals Math Excellence Lab

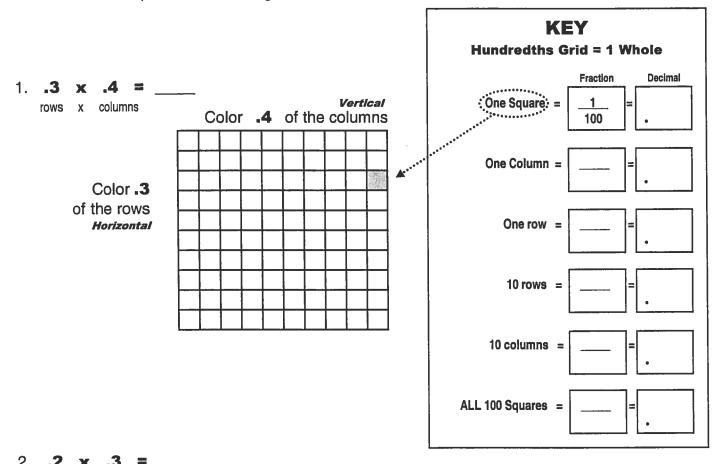
I agree to give my **best effort**

Per_____

Please Print Full Name

Directions: Below is a <u>Hundredths Grid</u>

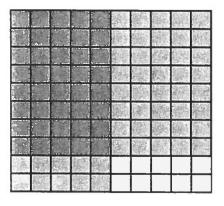
→ Draw the equation shown on the grid to find the answer

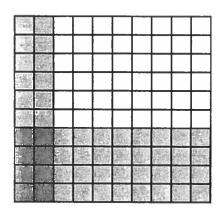


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Over for Side Two →

Directions: Write the Equation that goes with this shaded Hundredths Grid





Directions: Create your own problem and answer.....and show it on the Hundredths Grid

