## WELCOME!

Please sit at the same table with people who went to school in the same region as you! Tell your tablemates how it influenced you as a learner and educator.

Southwest
Northwest
West Coast
Northeast
South East
Midwest
International

## ENSURING EQUITY IN ACCESS FOR NEWCOMERS

Alexa Goldstrom Rosanny Cuello Ventura Erick Perez

## NORMS

Even though we are presenting, we value everyone's perspectives and experiences
Assume best intentions
Respect others' learning styles
Share airtime
Before you share, please state your name

## WHO ARE WE AND WHO OUR STUDENTS ARE?



# Variety of prior knowledge in every classroom; I - WE - YOU

Student A Student B Student C Student D Student E

> Lesson START Level

Answer-Gettin

# You - we – I designs better for content that depends on prior knowledge

Student A Student B Student C Student D Student E

> Lesson START Day 1 Day 2 Level Attainment Target

## WHY IS THIS WORK IMPORTANT?

Addressing low literacy skills without compromising the rigor of tasks

Students are where they are and our role is to push their thinking to the next level

Increasing student self-confidence by validating their ways of thinking

Being strategic given parameters and limitations- ELLs have double the work (accessing challenging core content through English) but we don't have double the time

## TASK AT HAND

As you are reading through the task, based on your experience, what would make this task difficult for newcomer students and ELLs?

What are students being asked to do?

## AUDIENCE CONCLUSIONS

- Translating and organizing the information in the text
- Same statement sentence structure
- One thousand students and one thousand lockers; what does this mean? Managing two different parameters
- A lot of reading
- Lack of student experience with lockers
- How are we scaffolding?Understanding the instructions
  - Action words: modeling, change the state (what does this actually mean)

# Students are being asked to find patterns based on multiples and factors.

Generalize the patterns = mathematical understanding

## STUDENT WORK

In your tables, use these questions to frame your conversations as you analyze the student work.

What evidence do you notice that shows if the student was able to identify a pattern?
 What questions would you ask the student to...

 Push their understanding/thinking of the problem
 Address misconceptions

## AUDIENCE CONCLUSIONS

- What does A and C mean? (Labeling the drawing, graph, model)
- How does your representation illustrate what is happening in the task?
- Used only numbers- hinders the ability to see a pattern.
- How do you know what is happening to the state of the lockers?
- What is your thinking behind knowing that these lockers are open/closed?
- What is your reasoning? How does it relate to your model/illustration?
- Systematic approach led to visible pattern, limit the model to one page
   Model allows for seeing the pattern and the academic understanding (factors, perfect square, etc.)

## PROCESS FOR LESSON PLANNING

### Do assessment item yourself

- What are the skills that my students need to master before they do the task?
- What are some different ways my students might solve the problem?

### What is my students prior knowledge?

- Check assessment data (diagnostics, data from previous years, etc)
- Where are the gaps? What potential misunderstandings will my students have while completing the task?
- How can I use this task to uncover how students organize their thinking about mathematics.

#### Questioning

- Use DOK (Depths of Knowledge) Chart to frame questions using the content
- What specific questions can I draft to get my students unstuck?
- What questions am I going to ask specific students to push their thinking to the next level?

#### Maintaining Rigor

- Consciously select students to share their strategies in a specific order to build a deeper understanding for all students.
- After student four presents, you want to give students the precise academic vocabulary to label their conceptual understandings.

### TOOLS FOR ACCESS- HOW CAN WE RE-CONTEXTUALIZE AND SCAFFOLD A TASK TO MEET STUDENTS WHERE THEY ARE?

- SIOP strategies (Presentation on May 2014 by Deborah J. Short, New York, NY)
  - ► <u>Word Wheels</u>
  - <u>4 Corners Vocabulary</u>
  - Language Frames for Vocabulary Definitions
- Frayer Model
- 4 Step Method for Understanding a Word Problem
- Creating videos, role playing, or other visuals to contextualize tasks
- Constantly shifting from student language to precise academic vocabulary

## WORD WHEELS

# Word Study: Shades of Meaning



small tiny miniscule microscopic

## 4 CORNERS VOCABULARY

### **4-Corners Vocabulary**



#### Sentence

The curved keyboard is better for my wrist.

Definition

The part of a computer with keys for typing words, numbers, and symbols.

#### Word

#### keyboard

## LANGUAGE FRAMES

Use Language	Frames	to	Define
<b>Vocabulary</b> Ter	ms		

X is	a	(typ	e of)	
------	---	------	-------	--

X	has		and	
		state and a second second second second		

X is similar to \_\_\_\_\_

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## COMPREHENSIBLE INPUT

Modeling mathematic learning after language acquisition theory

## Q & A

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