## This sine has threee errors.

## Warm-Up

1. Multiply your age by 12 .
2. Add your friend's age.
3. Divide by 7.
4. Divide by 11.
5. Divide by 13.
6. Add the first six digits after the decimal point.
e.g., $0.123456 \rightarrow 1+2+3+4+5+6=21$
7. Finally, multiply by 5 ...

## What'd You Get?

## 135

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Session 135


## Dollar Nim

- Start with a dollar
- Remove any coin:
- Penny
- Nickel
- Dime
- Quarter
- Player to take the last coin wins



## Dollar Nim

- What is the winning strategy for this game?
- How could you modify this game for use with your students?


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## Eleven Nim

- Start with a dollar
- Remove any coin:
- Penny
- Dime
- Player to take the last coin wins



## John Mason, Math 2.0 Listserve

"Just because I play a game, it does not follow that I become aware of what I am doing [or the] underlying mathematical thinking. ...the value of playing a 'mathematical game' may lie not in the playing so much as in the reflective consideration of effective and ineffective actions."

## Three C's of Game Play

- Competition
- Collaboration
- Communication

Even one-player games can spark rich discussion of strategy.


## Dig It



## Dig It

- What are the best numbers to try to get?
- What number(s) are easiest to get?
- Which points on the number line can be created in the least number of ways?
- How many fractions can be created with a value less than 1 ?
- Which digit is the best to get?


## Calculation Nation ${ }^{\ominus}$

- An online world of math strategy games
- One- and two-player games: Challenge others. Challenge yourself.
- Basic registration process:
- Username
- Email
- Password
- Can play games as a guest without registration


# Calculation Nation $^{\text {TM }}$ 

## Official Launch

April 22, 2009

To Date: 1,209,527 Visitors
September 2012: 1,500 Visitors/Day

## Calculation Nation ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

- Idea Inspired by Teachers
- Played the "Product Game" Online Using Instant Messenger



## History

- Two teachers in Wyoming


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## Paper Pool

How to Play Paper Pool

- The ball starts in corner A.
- The ball is hit with an imaginary stick so that it travels at
 a $45^{\circ}$ diagonal across the grid.
- If the ball hits a side of the table, it bounces off at a $45^{\circ}$ angle and continues its travel.
- The ball continues to travel until it hits a pocket.


## Paper Pool


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## From Paper Pool...

- Online Version of the Paper Pool Lesson
http://illuminations.nctm.org/LessonDetail.aspx?ID=U165



## ...to Slam Ball


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## Game Design

- Other Games: Do the math, then you can do something fun.
- Our Games: Doing the math IS something fun.


## http://calculationnation.nctm.org



## Ker-Splash

- Choose an expression:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 17 x+29 y+43 \\
& 24 x+22 y+39
\end{aligned}
$$

- The values of $x$ and $y$ are unknown... but you can choose to increase one of them by 1 , and decrease the other by 1 . Which would you like to increase and which to decrease?
- Now, here are the values: $x=6, y=4$


## Ker-Splash

| Your Equation | $x+1, y-1$ | $x-1, y+1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $17 x+29 y+43$ | 249 | 273 |
| $24 x+22 y+39$ | 273 | 269 |



## Tips for Teaching with Games

- Do not show children how to play at a higher level. Instead, encourage them to do their own thinking.
- Do not reinforce "correct" behaviors or try to correct "wrong" ones.
- Play with individual children whenever possible.


## Prime Time

Which is most likely to give an outcome of 4?

- Roll one die
- Roll two die, sum
- Roll two die, difference
- Spinner with four consecutive integers (your choice)
- Flipping $n$ coins, number of heads NCTM teachers of mathematics


## Prime Time

## Roll one die

$$
P(4)=1 / 6
$$

## Prime Time

## Roll two die, add

|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

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## Prime Time

## Roll two die, subtract

|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

## Prime Time

## Spinner with four consecutive integers (your choice)


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## Prime Time

Flipping $n$ coins, number of heads

| $n$ | P(exactly <br> 4 heads) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 |
| 4 | $1 / 16$ |
| 5 | $5 / 32$ |
| 6 | $15 / 64$ |


| $n$ | P(exactly 4 <br> heads) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 | $35 / 128$ |
| 8 | $70 / 256$ |
| 9 | $126 / 512$ |
| 10 | $210 / 1024$ |
| 11 | $330 / 2048$ |
| 12 | $495 / 4096$ |

## Prime Time

## Current Location: 19


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## illuminations.nctm.org



## Illuminations

The web site currently contains...

- 607 Lessons
- 108 Interactive Tools

On average, 325,000 visitors per month

- August 2004 - 93,371
- March 2012 - 632,910


## Illuminations

New in 2012...

- 1 new game for Calculation Nation ${ }^{\bullet}$
- 10 new lessons, based on Calc Nation games
- 1 web app
- 3 mobile apps



## Thinkfinity

- Provides standards-based content and professional development for $\mathrm{K}-12$ teachers
- Supported by the Verizon Foundation
- NCTM received a three-year, $\$ 1.4 \mathrm{M}$ grant for Illuminations
- Consortium of content partners across all disciplines
- science, arts, humanities, geography, economics, language arts, math, and history


## Game of Nine Cards

- Materials: Nine cards numbered 1-9
- Object: To have any three cards in your hand that add up to 15



## Game of Nine Cards

- Sample Game:


Player 1


Player 2

$$
\text { Player } 1 \text { Wins: } 2 \text { + } 9 \text { + } 4 \text { = } 15
$$

## Game of Nine Cards

## Now what? <br> You Play!

## The Basics...

- Who is more likely to win - the first player or the second player? Why?
- Will someone always win? Lose?
- What can you do to ensure that you don't lose?
- Is there a "best" card to choose?
- Why do we use a sum of 15 ?


## A Winning Strategy?

- You play first, pick 8.
- Your opponent then chooses 3.
- What are the three numbers that you can choose to ensure a win?



## A Winning Strategy?

- Your opponent plays first, picks 6.
- You choose 5.
- Your opponent picks 4.
- Which two numbers should you not pick?



## A Winning Strategy?

- Your opponent plays first, picks 7.
- Then you choose 2.
- Your opponent picks 9.
- Which three numbers should you not pick?



## More Sophisticated Yet?

- If your opponent plays first and picks an even number, what number should you choose to avoid a loss?



## Another App from Under the Sea



## Game of Nine Cards

- Deep Sea Duel is online!
- http://illuminations.nctm.org/deepseaduel



## A Hint from Under the Sea



## Game of Nine Cards

- Why is this game mathematically significant? Consider the following chart:

| 8 | 1 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 5 | 7 |
| 4 | 9 | 2 | teachers of mathematics

## Modifying the Game of Nine Cards

- Label the nine cards as follows:

5, 12, 19, 26, 33, 40, 47, 54, 61

The winner must get three cards that total 99.

## Modifying the Game of Nine Cards

- Label the nine cards with fractions:

$$
\begin{gathered}
1 / 6,5 / 24,1 / 4,7 / 24,1 / 3,3 / 8, \\
5 / 12,11 / 12,1 / 2
\end{gathered}
$$

The winner must get three cards that total 1.


## Game of Nine Cards

- Use exponents! Label the cards as follows:

$$
x, x^{2}, x^{3}, \ldots, x^{9}
$$

This time we want the product of three cards (which means we must add the exponents).
The winner must get $x^{15}$.

- Have your students come up with the Magic Square for each of these modifications!


## Modification: Words

- Use words! TIED, HOT, HEAR, TANK, WASP, WOES, SHIP, HORN, BRIM

- Winner needs three cards with same letter.



## Modification: Sixteen Cards

The winner needs a sum of four cards to win.


## Modification: Sixteen Cards

- What sum would the winner need?

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## Modification: Two or More

- The winner is the first player to obtain the sum of



## Can You Use This Game?

- How could you modify the game of nine cards to fit the needs of your students?



## Reminder: What is the Goal?

- How does your strategy from the first version of the game compare to the strategy for these modifications?
- Reflect: How did you come up with these other versions for the game of nine cards?




## iStuff. Android. Computer.

illuminations.nctm.org/deepseaduel


## Equations of Attack

- Original Game:
- Both players place ships of length 2, 3, 4, and 5 on game board
- Other player guesses location of your ships
- Then, draw a line connecting each of your ships to each of your opponent's ships of the same length
- Determine the equation of the lines connecting the ships


## Equations of Attack



## Equations of Attack

- Revised Game:
- Players take turns placing ships at lattice points
- One player gets all of the cannons at the even locations along the $y$-axis - that is, $(0,0),(0,2)$, $(0,4),(0,6)$, and $(0,8)$
- Other player gets all cannons at the odd locations
- Player rolls dice; roll both, use them to make a fraction representing the slope


## Equation of Attack



## Equations of Attack

- The Algebra Standard states that "in grades 6-8 all students should explore relationships between symbolic expressions and graphs of lines, paying particular attention to the meaning of intercept and slope" (NCTM, 2000, p. 222).
- How does the activity help with understanding of those concepts?


## My Favorite Game...



- Write a positive integer on a piece of paper.
- Show it to your neighbor.
- The winner is...

Whoever wrote the smallest integer NOT written by anyone else.

## My Favorite Game



- Min: 1
- Max: 18
- Mode: 1
- Average: 8.5


## My Favorite Game



## My Favorite Game



## My Favorite Game



## My Favorite Game




