Multisensory Approaches to Helping Young Children Learn Mathematics Carrie La Voy, University of Kansas; 785-864-7024; cll@ku.edu Susan Gay, University of Kansas; 785-864-9676; sgay@ku.edu

Outline:

- 1. Investigate learning from a multisensory perspective
- 2. Explore activities in different mathematics content areas
- 3. Discuss results from a research study that focused on a multisensory approach
- 4. Examine resources for students and teachers

Activities for teaching

• A geometry example – sort objects (pattern blocks and/or real-world objects) according to attributes such as number of corners, straight vs. curved sides, etc.

Other geometry ideas:

• A data example – use tactile objects and materials (thumbtacks, puff paint, etc.) to display data points and create tally tables

Other data ideas:

• A number example – listen to sounds repeated and identify mathematical aspects such as the number of sounds made, or more, less or equal numbers of one sound or another

Other number ideas:

• A measurement example – use non-standard units of measure such as the width of a finger, a tactile "inch" worm, a paper clip, etc.

Other measurement ideas:

• A pattern (algebra) example – use fabrics made from contrasting textures and colors to represent a quilt pattern

Other pattern ideas:

Guidelines for adapting lesson materials

- Tactile & Auditory use tactile (fabric, puff paint, yarn, etc.) materials and auditory (instruments, clapping, etc.) resources instead of or to enhance print materials
- Lighting consider the fact that reflected light, glare, and bright light may need to be minimalized
- Contrast use high-contrast coloring rather than colors that will be more difficult to distinguish
- Print increase the white space on a print page
- Time allow more time for visual processing and/or to complete tasks using other senses

Classroom resources

- iPads screen enhances perception of images with additional capabilities including audio options for students, and interactive hands-on manipulation
- online resources
 - supplementary instructional videos for teachers and/or students, interactive games and other manipulatives
 - websites such as
 - <u>http://www.livebinders.com/play/play/36989</u> --- iPod Touch & iPad resources for PreK 12 educators
 - <u>http://www.readyforlearning.net/html/math.shtml</u> --- a collaborative website that provides links to early literacy in several areas, including mathematics
- other
 - o synthetic speech (artificial human speech produced by a computer)
 - scanners, practical note-taking devices
 - o jumbo and/or talking calculator
 - o magnifying glass, reading guide made from cardstock or construction paper, audio recorder

Print resources consulted for this presentation

Fennell, F. (Ed.). (2011). Achieving fluency: Special education and mathematics. Reston, VA: NCTM.

Smith, S. (2013). *Early childhood mathematics* (5th ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson Education, Inc.