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Connecting Across the Core using Multiple Representations

Presented by

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NV

Agenda

- Introductions
- Multiple representations builds coherence and rigor
- Activity 1: Function Models
- Activity 2: 4-box Projects
- Activity 3: Mini-Posters
- Closing

Why Representations?

Multiple Representations help students

- Model and interpret real world and mathematical situations in a variety of ways
- Become competent in translating between mathematical representations
- Select the representation that best fits a situation

Modeling Functions: Station 1

Station 1: Bouncing Balls – For this experiment you will drop a ball from 5 different heights (in cm) and record the rebound height.

<i>Drop Height</i>	<i>Bounce Height</i>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Independent Variable (input): _____

Dependent Variable (output): _____

What type of function does this data represent? Justify your answer.

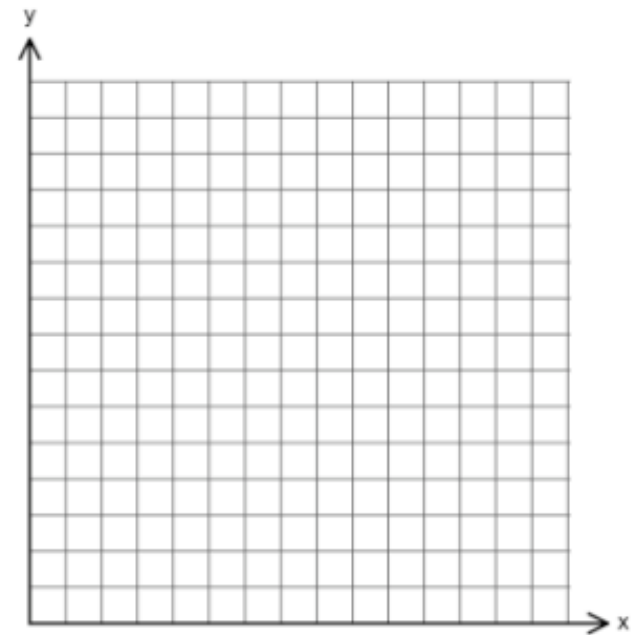
Does this data represent a discrete or continuous function? Justify your answer.

Using your graphing calculator, write a regression equation to model this data.

Using the regression equation, predict the bounce height when the ball is dropped from 50 cm.

Compare this to the actual bounce height. Comment on your prediction compared to your actual bounce height

Graph your Data (include your scale)



Modeling Functions: Station 2

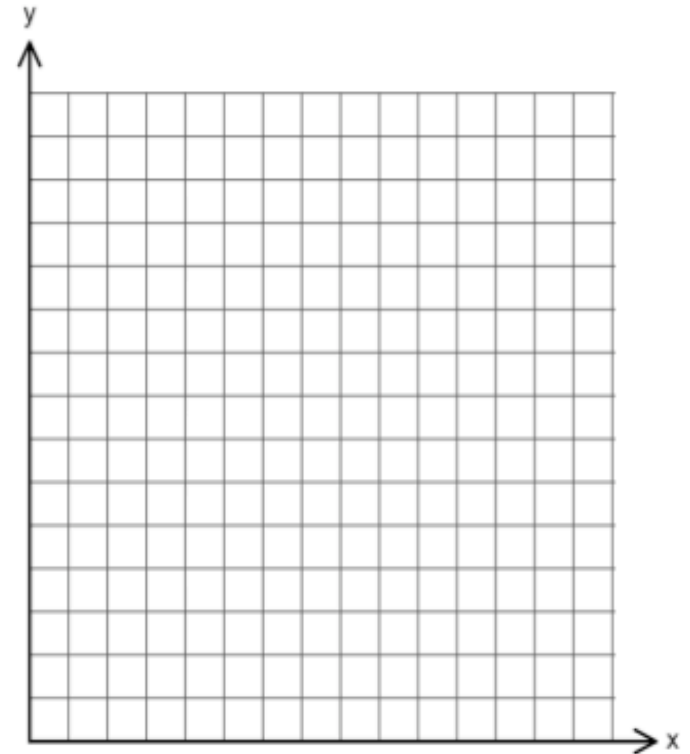
Station 2: Areas with fixed Perimeters – For this station you will be exploring different areas for a fixed perimeter. A farmer has 36 meters of fencing for a pig pen. What are the possible areas for the pen he could build?

Record your data

<u>Width</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>Area</u>
5	13	65
2	_____	_____
12	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

If the width is 5 and the perimeter has to be 36, then the length is 13, and the area is $5 \times 13 = 65$

Graph your Data (include your scale)



Independent Variable (input): _____

Dependent Variable (output): _____

What type of function does this data represent? Justify your answer.

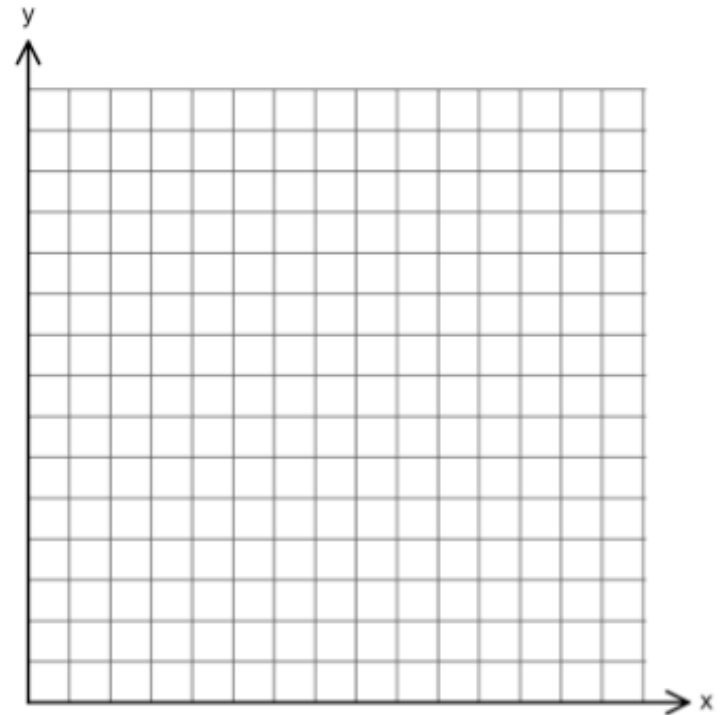
Modeling Functions: Station 3

Station 3: "M" and "M"s – For the "0" term you will count how many total m & m 's your group has all together. For the first trial you will place your m & m 's back in the bag and dump them out. Count the number of "M"s showing and record the total number for the group under trial 1. Eat the "M"s" and put the remaining m & m 's back into the bag. Dump them out, count the total number of "M"s showing in the group, eat the "M"s, put the remaining m & m 's back into the bag. Repeat this for 3 more trials.

Record your data

<u>Trial</u>	<u>Number of "m"s</u>	<u>Number of m&m's left</u>
0	_____	_____
1	_____	_____
2	_____	_____
3	_____	_____
4	_____	_____
5	_____	_____

Graph your Data (include your scale)

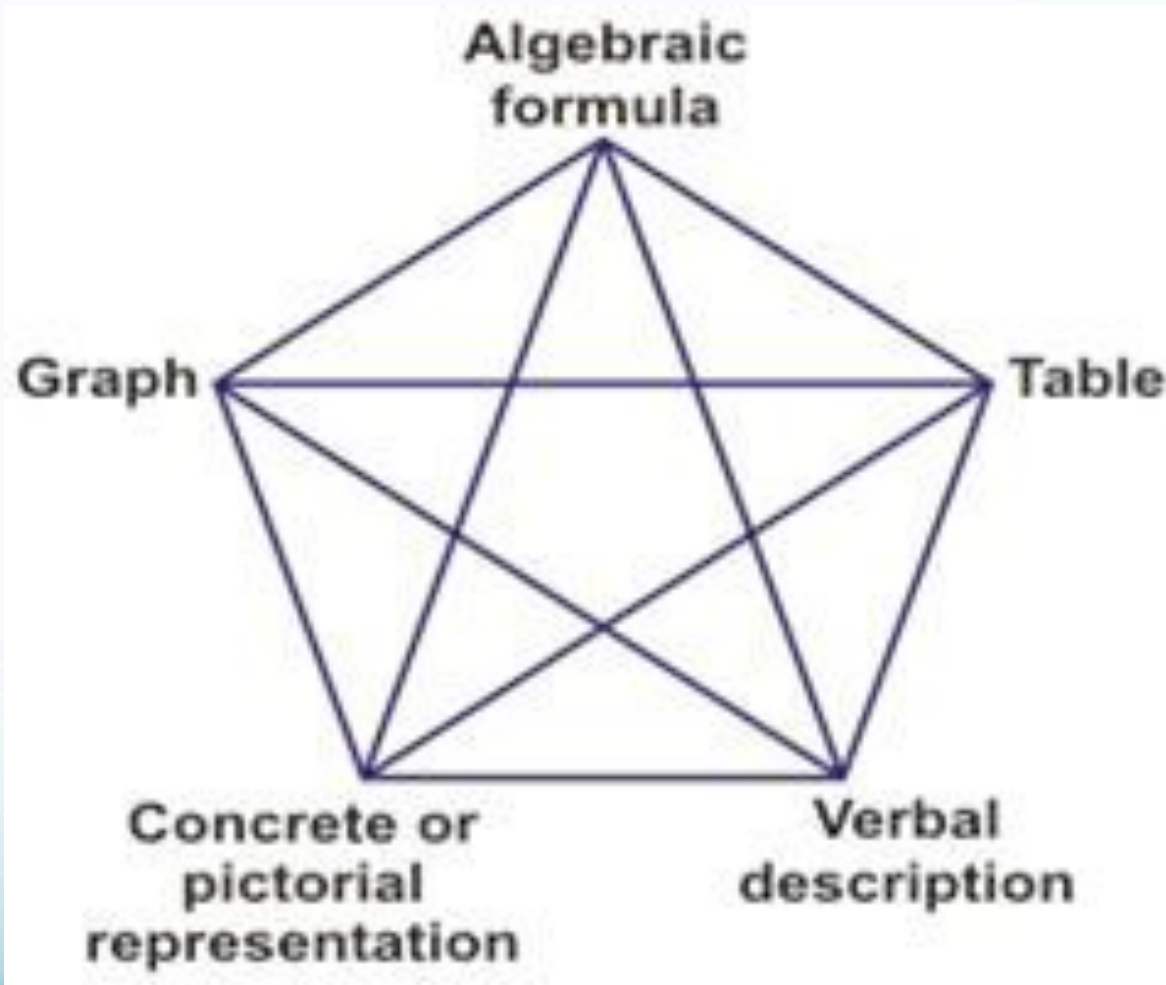


Independent Variable (input): _____

Dependent Variable (output): _____

What type of function (pattern) does this data represent? Justify your answer.

Connections through 4-Box Projects



Sample 4-Box Project

My System of Equations _____

Divide your blank sheet of paper into 4 boxes

Box 1: Graphing Method (5 points) _____

- * Neatly write your system of equations
- * Graph the first equation
- * Write one complete sentence explaining how you graphed it, slope-int/ use intercepts, etc.
- * Graph the second equation
- * Write one complete sentence explaining how you graphed it, slope-int/ use intercepts, etc.
- * State the solution to the system using the graph

Box 2 : Substitution Method(5 points) _____

- * Neatly show how you would solve you system using substitution.
- * Write at least 2-3 complete sentences explaining your step process in using substitution.

Box 3 : Elimination Method (5 points) _____

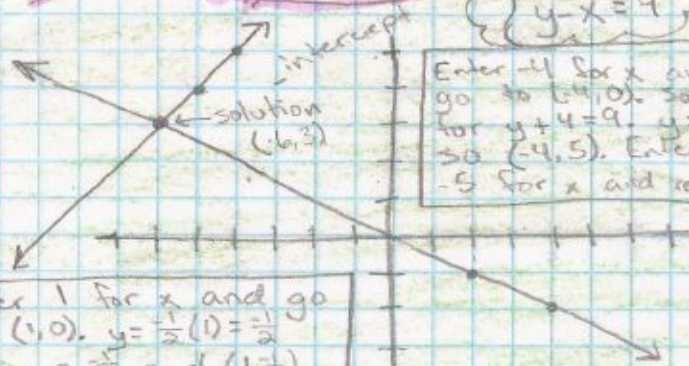
- * Neatly show how you would solve you system using elimination.
- * Write at least 2-3 complete sentences explaining your step process in using elimination.

Box 4 : Communication (5 points) _____

- * State which method would be most efficient for the System you were given and why. (2 sentences)
- * State which method you feel most comfortable with And why. (1 -2 sentences)
- * State which method you feel least comfortable with And why. (1 -2 sentences)

Student Sample

① Graphing Method



$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{1}{2}x \\ y - x = 9 \end{cases}$$

Enter -4 for x and go to (4,0). Solve for $y+4=9$, $y=5$ so (-4,5). Enter -5 for x and repeat.

Enter 1 for x and go to (1,0). $y = \frac{1}{2}(1) = \frac{1}{2}$ so $y = \frac{1}{2}$ and (1, 1/2). Then enter 2 for x and repeat.

③ Elimination Method

$$\begin{array}{r} y = \frac{1}{2}x \\ y - x = 9 \\ \hline y + \frac{1}{2}x = 0 \\ 2y + x = 0 \\ y - x = 9 \\ 2y = 9 \\ y = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{1}{2}x \\ y - x = 9 \end{cases}$$

Make sure both equations are in standard form. Then multiply one of the equations

so the "x's or "y's" match. If the signs are the same, subtract all numbers in one equation from the other. If they are different, add. Solve for the variable and plug it into an equation to solve for the other.

② Substitution Method

$$\begin{array}{r} y = \frac{1}{2}x \\ y - x = 9 \\ \hline \frac{1}{2}x - x = 9 \\ -\frac{1}{2}x = 9 \\ -3x = 18 \\ x = -6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{1}{2}x \\ y - x = 9 \end{cases}$$

If you know what y equals ($\frac{1}{2}x$), plug it into the other equation. ($\frac{1}{2}x - x = 9$)

Then solve for x using that equation. Plug your answer for x into the other equation and solve for y.

④ Communication

The substitution method was the most efficient because one of the equations was "y = -", so I could easily substitute it. I feel most comfortable with the graphing method because I never get my answer wrong with it. I don't really like the elimination method because not all fractions have equal "x's or "y's" and it can take a longer time to solve with.

4-Box Template

Topic:

Objective:

Representation: Objective:	Representation: Objective:
Outline:	Outline:
Representation: Objective:	Representation: Objective:
Outline:	Outline:

Mini-Posters:

Gives Students Choice in their Representations

Mini-Poster Problems: Pick one problem to complete on a blank piece of graph paper

And the Winner Is?

In a school election, Juan received 4 times as many votes as Wayne, Neal received twenty less votes than Juan, and Kerry got half as many votes as Neal. The total votes cast in the election was 1,202. How many votes did Wayne receive?

Race to the Sky!

In Angie's science experiment, plant A is planted when it is 7 cm tall and grows continuously at a rate of 1.5 cm per day. Plant B is planted when it is 2 cm tall and grows continuously at a rate of 4.2 cm per day. Assuming the rates of growth do not change, show after how many days of growth plant B will be twice as tall as plant A.

DJ Problem

Jolene and Jake are in charge of hiring the Disc Jockey (DJ) for the Spring Dance. The DJ from radio station KDOT charges \$150 plus \$2 per person. The DJ from radio station KBOP charges \$250 plus \$1 per person. Since most of the students like the DJ from KBOP better, show how many students would need to attend the dance to make KBOP cost the same as KDOT.

Part 1: (10 points) Clearly work out your problem in 2 DIFFERENT WAYS. You may use equations, tables, diagrams, etc. Your calculations must be accurate and precise. Be neat and organized in your calculations.

____/10

Part 2: (5 points) Pick one solution to write a detailed explanation about your problem solving process. This should be a minimum of 5 sentences.

____/5

Part 3: (2 points) Write one sentence justifying the use of one mathematical practice. (Listed on the back) "I used mathematical practice _____ because _____."

____/2

Part 4: (3 points) Organization. The first 3 parts are clearly identified on the mini-poster and easy to follow.

____/3

Student Samples

Race To The Sky

Example 1

$$h + g(d) = t$$

height + growth · day = time

$2 + 4.2(d)$
height growth · day
 $2 + 4.2(10)$
 $2 + 42$
 44

$7 + 1.5(d)$
height growth · day
 $7 + 1.5(10)$
 $7 + 15$
 22

Day	Height	Day	Height
0	7	0	2
1	8.5	1	6.2
2	10	2	10.4
3	11.5	3	14.6
4	13	4	18.8
5	14.5	5	23
6	16	6	27.2
7	17.5	7	31.4
8	19	8	35.6
9	20.5	9	39.8
10	22	10	44

Day 10
22 = 44

Example 2

Answer

believe that Day 10 is the day that plant B will be double the size of plant A.

I used mathematical practice four because I can apply math to a real situation.

Explanation

To find the answer to this problem, I used tables. I showed you that each plant was at the end of the day. I added the given numbers to beginning to see when they matched. I saw that plant B was double plant A. Day 10 is my answer.

Mathematical Practice

Race To The Sky

I used a graph to show the increase in height of each plant. Plant A starts at 7, and goes up by 1.5 each day. Plant B starts at 2, and grows 4.2 cm each day. The Plant B passes plant A on day 2, because it grows much faster than plant B. Even though plant B started out taller when it got to day 10, plant B was doubled the height of plant A. It was 44 to 22.

DAY 0	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4	DAY 5	DAY 6	DAY 7	DAY 8	DAY 9	DAY 10	
Plant A	7	8.5	10	11.5	13	14.5	16	17.5	19	20.5	22
Plant B	2	6.2	10.4	14.6	18.8	23	27.2	31.4	35.6	39.8	44

I used mathematical practice attend to precision because I made the calculations very accurate.

Thank You for Participating!

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Jenny Salls

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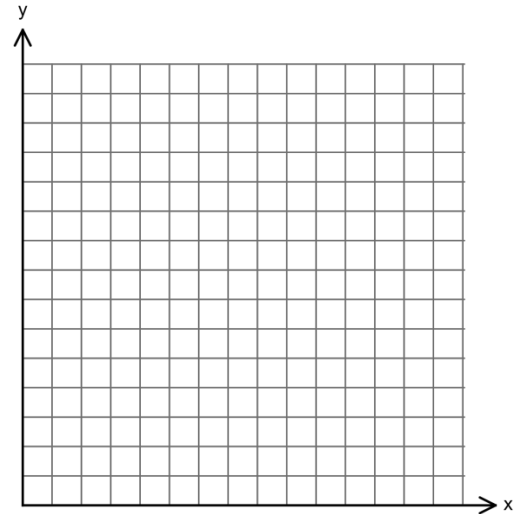


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Station 1: Bouncing Balls – *For this experiment you will drop a ball from 5 different heights (in cm) and record the rebound height.*

<i>Drop Height</i>	<i>Bounce Height</i>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Graph your Data (include your scale)



Independent Variable (input): _____

Dependent Variable (output): _____

What type of function does this data represent? Justify your answer.

Does this data represent a discrete or continuous function? Justify your answer.

Using your graphing calculator, write a regression equation to model this data.

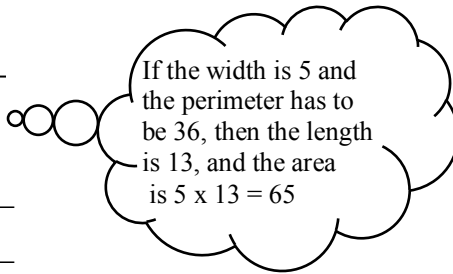
Using the regression equation, predict the bounce height when the ball is dropped from 50 cm.

Compare this to the actual bounce height. Comment on your prediction compared to your actual bounce height

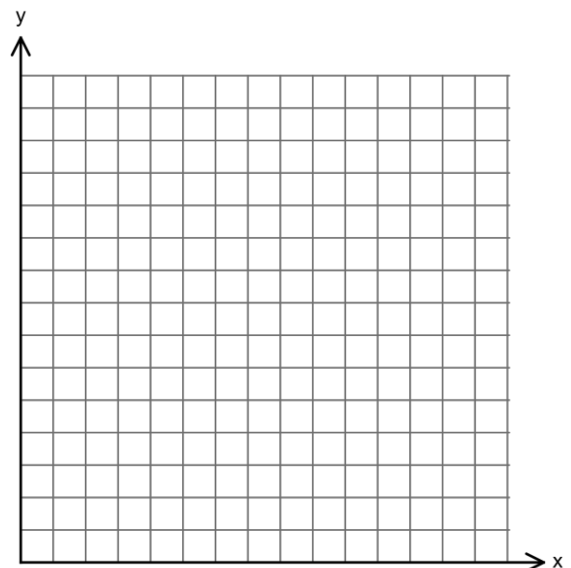
Station 2: Areas with fixed Perimeters – *For this station you will be exploring different areas for a fixed perimeter. A farmer has 36 meters of fencing for a pig pen. What are the possible areas for the pen he could build?*

Record your data

<i>Width</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>Area</i>
5	13	65
2	_____	_____
12	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____



Graph your Data (include your scale)



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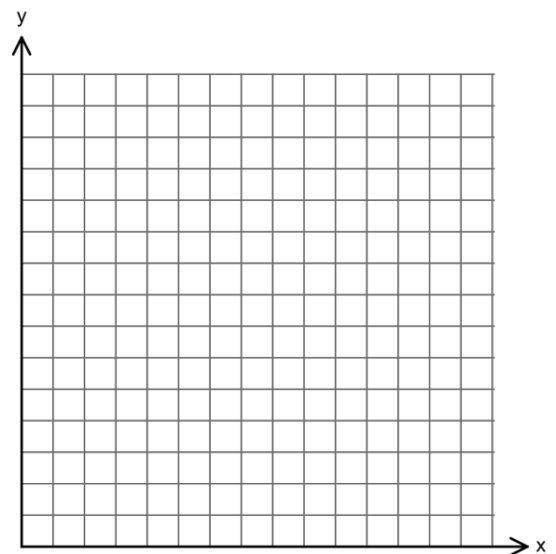
Using the regression equation, predict the area when the width is 7.5 meters.

Compare this to the actual area. Comment on your prediction compared to your actual area.

Station 3: “M” and “M”s – For the “0” term you will count how many total m & m’s your group has all together. For the first trial you will place your m & m’s back in the bag and dump them out. Count the number of “M”s showing and record the total number for the group under trial 1. Eat the “M”s” and put the remaining m & m’s back into the bag. Dump them out, count the total number of “M”s showing in the group, eat the “M”s, put the remaining m & m’s back into the bag. Repeat this for 3 more trials.

Record your data		
Trial	Number of “m”s	Number of m&m’s left
0	_____	_____
1	_____	_____
2	_____	_____
3	_____	_____
4	_____	_____
5	_____	_____

Graph your Data (include your scale)



Independent Variable (input): _____

Dependent Variable (output): _____

What type of function (pattern) does this data represent? Justify your answer.

Does this data represent a discrete or continuous function? Justify your answer.

Using your graphing calculator, write a regression equation to model this data.

Using the regression equation, predict the number of “m”s showing during the 3 trial.

Compare this to the actual number of “m”s showing. Comment on your prediction compared to your actual number of “m”s showing.

Unit 3: Portfolio Project

My System of Equations _____
_____**Divide your blank sheet of paper into 4 boxes****Box 1: Graphing Method (5points)** _____

- * Neatly write your system of equations
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Box 2 : Substitution Method(5 points) _____

- * Neatly show how you would solve you system using substitution.
- * Write at least 2-3 complete sentences explaining your step process in using substitution.

Box 3 : Elimination Method (5 points) _____

- * Neatly show how you would solve you system using elimination.
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- * State which method would be most efficient for the System you were given and why. (2 sentences)
- *State which method you feel most comfortable with And why. (1 -2 sentences)
- *State which method you feel least comfortable with And why. (1 -2 sentences)

Overall Appearance/ Neatness (5 points) _____

- * Neatness
- * Colorful, artwork, creativeness

Your Total _____ / 25

Topic:

Objective:

Representation: Objective:	Representation: Objective:
Outline:	Outline:
Representation: Objective:	Representation: Objective:
Outline:	Outline:

Name _____

Mini-Poster Cover Page
(please attach to your mini-poster)

Mini-Poster Problems: Pick one problem to complete on a blank piece of graph paper

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Part 1: (10 points) Clearly work out your problem in **2 DIFFERENT WAYS**. You may use equations, tables, diagrams, etc. Your calculations must be accurate and precise. Be neat and organized in your calculations. _____/10

Part 2: (5 points) Pick one solution to write a detailed explanation about your problem solving process. This should be a minimum of 5 sentences. _____/5

Part 3: (2 points) Write one sentence justifying the use of one mathematical practice. (Listed on the back) "I used mathematical practice _____ because _____." _____/2

Part 4: (3 points) Organization. The first 3 parts are clearly identified on the mini-poster and easy to follow. _____/3

Total Score _____ / 20