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[www.prestonmiddleschool.org](http://www.prestonmiddleschool.org)  
Fort Collins, CO

### Changing Outcomes for Kids: Algebra Ready by 8<sup>th</sup> Grade

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**The problem:** performance, attitude, and culture in grade-level math at 8<sup>th</sup> grade

**Worst fears:** skipping 8th grade common core standards and advanced math is not appropriate for all students

**Our path:** focus on "rich learning and high expectations for all" and experiment with what works

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### Experimental Culture → Growth mindset

- double-dose (math everyday)
- heterogeneous classes
- exercise and math
- flex grouping
- teaching algebra to "not ready"
- flipped classroom
- homework club
- SMART Collaborative Classrooms
- intervention classes
- coding in math
- team teaching

It's about growth, not proficiency!



### Heterogeneous Classes

- Tracking into accelerated vs. grade-level classes at 7<sup>th</sup>/8<sup>th</sup> grade level involved an arbitrary cutoff
- Curriculum differences were minimal
- "What If" we offered everyone accelerated classes with support structures in place for struggling students?
- Double-block is critical to provide extra time
- Differentiation and collaboration must be embraced by all teachers





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Flexible grouping is a key differentiation structure

- Formative assessment on specific learning targets
- Form groups: students that need support, students on target, students that need enrichment
- Each teacher in a team prepares a lesson to meet the needs of the group
- Students really enjoy it and see value
- This type of collaboration and differentiation was most easily embraced and implemented



**Connected Math 2XL**

Mode Group	Support Group		On Target Group		Enrichment Group	
	Median	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean
Above Target	0.0	4.9	27.3	26.2	70	68.9
On Target	27.3	24.2	54.5	55	18.2	20.8
Below Target	63.6	69.5	27.3	24.2	0.0	6.4

**Connected Algebra**

Mode Group	Support Group		On Target Group		Enrichment Group	
	Median	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean
Above Target	9.1	5.8	33.3	27.6	66.7	66.6
On Target	18.2	19.7	63.6	63.5	11.1	16.8
Below Target	55.6	62.0	44.4	36.4	0.0	1.6











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Pitfalls

Meeting Frequency

- Meeting infrequently
Meeting too much



Trust

Commitment

- over commitment
under commitment

Culture - developing a flexed class culture

Proof that all students can be algebra ready by 8th grade

Let n = # of students in your school
Let k = the mathematical readiness rank of a student in your school, k <= n
Let A(k) = true for a student who is algebra ready by 8th grade, and let A(k) = false if the student is not ready for algebra by 8th grade.

We can order the mathematical readiness of our 8th grade students (best, = #1, to worst). Every student is either the best, or some k + 1 for some ordinal number k. Of course, for any ordinal number k, k + 1 is greater (and thus that student's mathematical readiness is worse). The difference in mathematical performance between any student k and student k + 1 is minimal.

We know that our best student is ready for algebra by 8th grade. Thus A(1) = true. Let S be the set of all students for which A(k) is false. S has a "best student," say x. Since A(1) = true, we know that x > 1. Since every student is either #1 or some k + 1, there is some ordinal number (student) k such that k + 1 = x. Now k is less than x, and x is the "best" student who is not algebra ready. It follows that k is in not in S, and so A(k) = true. But, since the difference in mathematical performance between student k and student k + 1 is minimal, this means that A(k + 1) is true, and A(x) is true. Thus the best student not ready for algebra in 8th grade is actually ready for algebra in 8th grade. Therefore, S has to be empty, and all students can be ready for algebra by 8th grade.

QED