Linear Equation Family: Y = Ax + B

- A. What is the equation of the red line?
- B. To review, how does the value of A affect the graph of the line?
- C. For positive values of B, is the y-intercept above or below the x-axis?
- D. For negative values of B, is the y-intercept above or below the x-axis?
- E. How does changing the value of B affect the graphs whose equation is of the form Y = AX + B?
- F. Describe and compare the graphs y = 2x 2 and y = 2x + 1.5.
- G. Describe and compare the graphs y = 1.5x 1 and y = -2x 1.
- H. What is the equation of the black line in #10?

The Dynamic Graph Feature: Y=Ax2 +BX + C

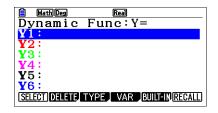
- A) Summarize how changing the value of A affects the graph of the function.
- B) What happens to the graph of the function as the value of |A| increases? In other words, what happens to the graph of the function if A is positive and you increase its value?
- C) Summarize how changing the value of C affects the graph of the function.
- D) Summarize how changing the value of B affects the graph of the function.

Dynamic Graphing on the PRIZM

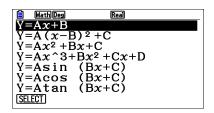
Set your V-WINDOW to **F1** (INITIAL)

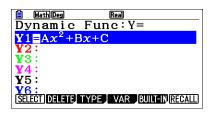
- 1. From the Main Menu (MENU), select the Dynamic Graph icon (6). This feature can be used to draw multiple versions of a graph by changing the values in a function.
- 2. If there are any equations stored on the Y= Screen, delete them at this time.



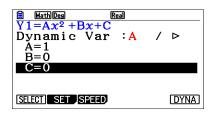


3. Press **F5** (BUILT-IN). You can select one of the built in functions listed on the screen or create your own. Select $Y=Ax^2 + Bx + C$.



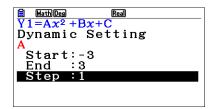


4. Press **F4** (VAR) to choose the variable that you want to make dynamic. Use ♠ or ▼ followed by **F1** (SELECT) to choose the variable, which is shown in red.



5. Press **F2** (SET) to set the minimum and maximum values for the variable that you selected to make dynamic.

Then press **EXIT**.

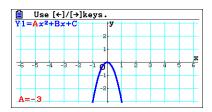


6. Press **F3** (SPEED) to select how you want to animate the graph of the function. Press **F1** for "Stop and Go."

Then press **EXIT**.



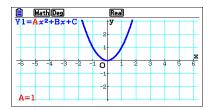
7. Press **F6** (DYNA) to see the graph. Press **EXE** to explore how the graph changes as the value of the dynamic variable changes. Or use the arrow keys.



8. Press (ACM) to return to the "Dynamic Setting" screen.

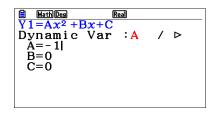
Press **EXIT** to return to the "Dynamic Variable" screen.

Press **EXIT** once more to return to the Equation Editor.



9. The graph becomes dynamic automatically if you choose as one of the (SPEED) options:

F2:Slow > F3:Normal ▷ F4:Fast >>



10. Explore the effect of changing the values of C and B on the graph of the function. What effect does each variable have on the graph of the function?