## "They'll Need It for

 High School"Chris Hunter • K-12 Numeracy Helping Teacher
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| Chris | Jeff | Marc |
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| 18 - cin |  |  |
| \$75 | \$60 | \$45 |



## BUY TWO PAIRS.

 GET ONE PAIR FREE!3RD PAR MUST BE OF EQUAL OR LESSER VALUE
"They'll need it for high school." Need what?

## Cos dracec by $5 \rightarrow 5=1$ <br> Our answers to students' questions about the relevance of what we teach might paint the relevance of what we teach might paint mathematics into an undesirable corner. <br> World A Defense of Mathematics



1. "The Basics"
long division • times tables • fractions

| 47. Find the missing side length. | 47. Find the missing side lenglt. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3^{2}+5^{2}=x^{2} \\ & 9+25=x^{2} \\ & 34=x^{2} \\ & x=5.83 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & x^{2}+3^{2} \cdot 5^{2} \\ & x^{2}+6 \cdot 25 \\ & x^{2} \cdot 19 \\ & x=4.36 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ |
| 47. Find the missing side length. | 47. Find the missing side lenght. |
| $\begin{aligned} & x^{2}=5^{2}-3^{2} \\ & x^{2}=25-9 \\ & x^{2}=16 \\ & x=8 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | $5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2$ |
| 47. Find the missing side length. | 47. Find the missing side lenght. |
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## Pythagorean Mistakes

$\square$ What math mistake did each student make?
$\square$ What are some implications for our work?



Pythagorean Mistakes
$\square$ What math mistake did each student make?
$\square$ What are some implications for our work?
$\square$ What role did memorization of the times table play?
$\square$ What are some implications for the conversations we could be having?


## 

Research suggests that

2. Pedagogy Preparation
"I want them to get used to it."



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homepage shapes numers graphs a equations about
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WHICH ONE DOESN'T BELONG?

THIS WEBSITE WAS INSPIRED BY THE MTBOS with special thanks to Christopher Danielson and his Building a Better Shapes Book.





## 3. Affective Domain

"Give me a student with a positive attitude towards mathematics, who's persistent, who's curious, ... and she will be successful in high school."

## 4. Mathematical Thinking

Habits of Mind • Processes • Practices • Curricular Competencies


5. Key Concepts \& Big Ideas

## on my mind

They'll Need It for Calculus



1. Proportional reasoning involves the use of multiplicative relationships to solve problems.


## Chris Jeff Marc


$\$ 150$
$\$ 90$
$\$ 60$

2. The operations of addifion, subtraction, multiplication, and division hold the same fundamental meanings no matter the domain in which they are applied.

| Addition | Subtraction |
| :---: | :---: |
| $231+145$ | $1 \frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{2}$ |
| $2.31+1.45$ | $5 x-2 x$ |
| $\left(2 x^{2}+3 x+1\right)+\left(x^{2}+4 x+5\right)$ | $5 \sqrt{2}-\sqrt{8}$ |
| Multiplication | Division |
| $23 \times 14$ | $6 \div 3$ |
| $2 \frac{3}{10} \times 1 \frac{4}{10}$ | $(-6) \div(+3)$ |
| $(2 x+3)(x+4)$ | $\frac{6}{5} \div \frac{3}{5}$ |

How are they the same?
$\square$ Evaluate, or simplify, each set of expressions
$\square$ Make as many connections as you can:
$\square$ conceptually \& procedurally
$\square$ pictorially \& symbolically


Which meaning is more meaningful?

Simplify $(1.89 t+15)-(1.49 t+12)$, where $t$ represents the number of pizza toppings

Thank-you!
Determine $\left(F_{2}-F_{1}\right)(C)$, where $F_{1}(C)=\frac{9}{5} C+32$
and $F_{2}(C)=2 C+30$

Solve: $|x-5|=2$

